

CONSENT FORM

for

UROLOGICAL SURGERY

(Designed in compliance with  consent form 1)

PATIENT AGREEMENT TO INVESTIGATION OR TREATMENT

Patient Details or pre-printed label

| | |
|--|--|
| Patient's NHS Number or Hospital number | |
| Patient's surname/family name | |
| Patient's first names | |
| Date of birth | |
| Sex | |
| Responsible health professional | |
| Job Title | |
| Special requirements <i>e.g. other language/other communication method</i> | |

Patient identifier/label

| | |
|---|---|
| Name of proposed procedure (Include brief explanation if medical term not clear) | ANAESTHETIC |
| Transrectal ultrasound of the prostate and biopsy of the prostate This involves the passage of an ultrasound probe into the rectum and then biopsies of the prostate are taken | - GENERAL/REGIONAL - LOCAL - SEDATION |

Statement of health professional (To be filled in by health professional with appropriate knowledge of proposed procedure, as specified in consent policy) I have explained the procedure to the patient. In particular, I have explained:

The intended benefits To diagnose possible cancer of the prostate / determine if grade or stage has increased (for patients with known prostate cancer)

Serious or frequently occurring risks including any extra procedures, which may become necessary during the procedure. I have also discussed what the procedure is likely to involve, the benefits and risks of any available alternative treatments (including no treatment) and any particular concerns of this patient.

- Common (greater than 1 in 10)
 - Blood in the urine
 - Blood in the semen (this may last for up to 6 weeks but is perfectly harmless and poses no problem for you or your sexual partner)
 - Blood in the stools
 - Urinary infection (10% risk)
 - Sensation of discomfort from the prostate due to bruising
 - Haemorrhage (bleeding) causing an inability to pass urine (2% risk)
- Occasional (between 1 in 10 and 1 in 50)
 - Blood infection (septicaemia) requiring hospital stay (2% risk)
 - Haemorrhage (bleeding) causing hospitalisation (1% risk)
 - Failure to detect a significant cancer of the prostate. The procedure may need to be repeated if biopsies are inconclusive or your PSA level rises at a later stage
- Rare (less than 1 in 50)
 - inability to pass urine (retention of urine)

COPY FOR PATIENT'S NOTES

A blood transfusion may be necessary during procedure and patient agrees **YES or NO (Ring)**

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Signature of Health Professional | Job Title |
| Printed Name | Date |

The following leaflet/tape has been provided

Contact details (if patient wishes to discuss options later) _____

Statement of interpreter (where appropriate) I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which I believe s/he can understand.

Signature of interpreter: _____ Print name: _____ Date: _____

Copy (i.e. page 3) accepted by patient: yes/no (please ring)

Patient identifier/label

| | |
|--|---|
| Name of proposed procedure (Include brief explanation if medical term not clear) | ANAESTHETIC |
| Transrectal ultrasound of the prostate and biopsy of the prostate | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - GENERAL/REGIONAL - LOCAL - SEDATION |
| This involves the passage of an ultrasound probe into the rectum and then biopsies of the prostate are taken | |

Statement of health professional (To be filled in by health professional with appropriate knowledge of proposed procedure, as specified in consent policy) I have explained the procedure to the patient. In particular, I have explained:

The intended benefits To diagnose possible cancer of the prostate / determine if grade or stage has increased (for patients with known prostate cancer)

Serious or frequently occurring risks including any extra procedures, which may become necessary during the procedure. I have also discussed what the procedure is likely to involve, the benefits and risks of any available alternative treatments (including no treatment) and any particular concerns of this patient.

| |
|--|
| <p>Almost all patients (more than 1 in 10)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Blood in the urine for up to 10 days - Blood in the semen which can last up to 6 weeks (this poses no risk to you or your sexual partner) - Blood in the semen (this may last for up to 6 weeks but is perfectly harmless and does not pose a problem for you or your sexual partner) <p>Between 1 in 10 and 1 in 2 patients (10-50%)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Bruising in your perineal area - Discomfort in your prostate caused by bruising from the biopsies - Failure to detect a significant cancer in your prostate - Need for a repeat procedure if biopsies are inconclusive or your PSA level rises further - Sensation of discomfort from the prostate due to bruising <p>In 20 patients (5%) (bleeding) causing an inability to pass urine (2% risk)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Temporary problems with erections caused by bruising from the biopsies <p>Occasionally (between 1 in 10 and 1 in 30)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Inability to pass urine (acute retention of urine) - Bleeding in the rectum (requiring a short hospital stay) (2% risk) <p>In 100 patients (1%)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Haemorrhage (bleeding) causing hospitalisation (1% risk) <p>In 1000 patients (0.1%)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Infection to determine if significant cancer of the prostate. The procedure may need to be repeated if biopsies are inconclusive or your PSA level rises at a later stage <p>Rare (less than 1 in 50)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Septicaemia (blood infection) requiring emergency admission for treatment <p>Unlikely</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Inability to pass urine (retention of urine) <p>- it is not possible to give an accurate estimate of contracting Covid 19 while in hospital</p> <p>- Elective patients who develop hospital-acquired Covid-19 have a postoperative 30 day mortality of 16.2%, with the two-thirds who experience pulmonary complications having a mortality rate of 23.8%</p> <p>(Source - https://www.rcseng.ac.uk/coronavirus/recovery-of-surgical-services/tool-5/#3)</p> |
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PATIENT COPY

A blood transfusion may be necessary during procedure and patient agrees **YES or NO (Ring)**

| | |
|----------------------------------|-----------|
| Signature of Health Professional | Job Title |
| Printed Name | Date |

The following leaflet/tape has been provided

Contact details (if patient wishes to discuss options later) _____

Statement of interpreter (where appropriate) I have interpreted the information above to the patient to the best of my ability and in a way in which I believe s/he can understand.

Signature of interpreter: _____ Print name: _____ Date: _____

Statement of patient

Please read this form carefully. If your treatment has been planned in advance, you should already have your own copy of page 2, which describes the benefits and risks of the proposed treatment. If not, you will be offered a copy now. If you have any further questions, do ask - we are here to help you. You have the right to change your mind at any time, including after you have signed this form.

- I agree**
- to the procedure or course of treatment described on this form.
 - to a blood transfusion if necessary
 - that any tissue that is normally removed in this procedure could be stored and used for medical research (after the pathologist has examined it) rather than simply discarded. PLEASE TICK IF YOU AGREE
- I understand**
- that you cannot give me a guarantee that a particular person will perform the procedure. The person will, however, have appropriate experience.
 - that I will have the opportunity to discuss the details of anaesthesia with an anaesthetist before the procedure, unless the urgency of my situation prevents this. (This only applies to patients having general or regional anaesthesia.)
 - that any procedure in addition to those described on this form will only be carried out if it is necessary to save my life or to prevent serious harm to my health.
 - about additional procedures which may become necessary during my treatment. I have listed below any procedures which **I do not wish to be carried out** without further discussion.

| | | | |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------|
| Signature of Patient: | | Print please: | Date: |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------------|

A witness should sign below if the patient is unable to sign but has indicated his or her consent. Young people/children may also like a parent to sign here. (See DOH guidelines).

Signed _____
 Date _____
 Name (PRINT) _____

Confirmation of consent (to be completed by a health professional when the patient is admitted for the procedure, if the patient has signed the form in advance). On behalf of the team treating the patient, I have confirmed with the patient that s/he has no further questions and wishes the procedure to go ahead.

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Signature of Health Professional | Job Title |
| Printed Name | Date |

Important notes: (tick if applicable)

- . See also advance directive/living will (eg Jehovah's Witness form)
- . Patient has withdrawn consent (ask patient to sign/date here)